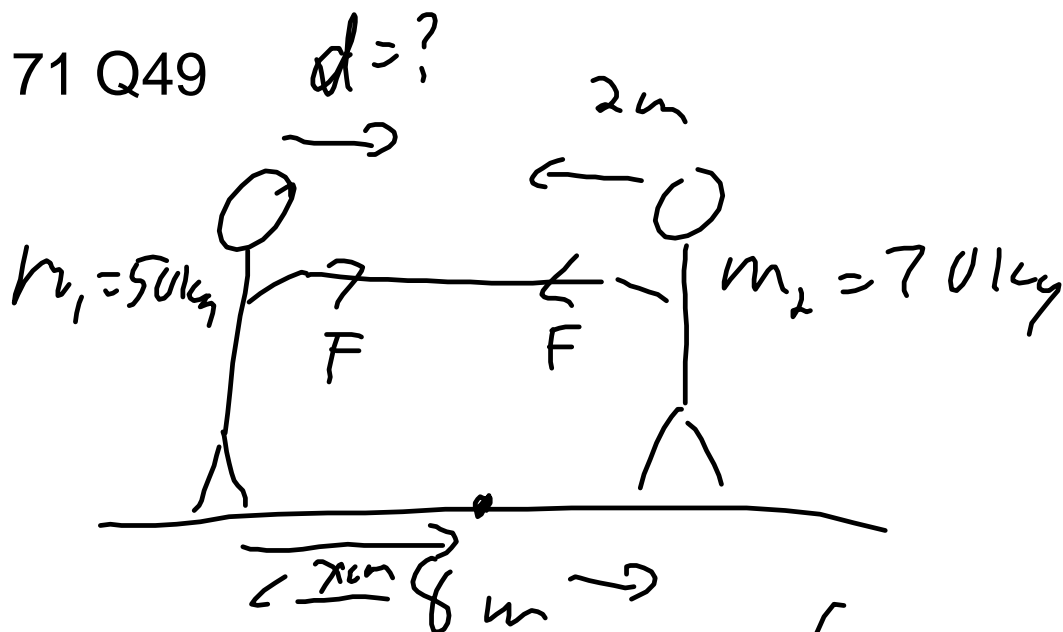


P171 Q49



$$a) \quad x_1 m_1 + x_2 m_2 = (m_1 + m_2) x_{cm}$$

$$0 + 8 \text{ m} (70 \text{ kg}) = 120 \text{ kg} x_{cm}$$

$$x_{cm} = 4.7 \text{ m}$$

b) Conservation of P

$$m_1 v_1 = m_2 v_2$$

$$\frac{m_1 d_1}{\cancel{t}} = - \frac{m_2 d_2}{\cancel{t}}$$

$$d_1 = - \frac{70 \text{ kg}}{50 \text{ kg}} 2 \text{ m} = \boxed{2.8 \text{ m}}$$

d) collide at cm

$$8m - 4.7m =$$

$$\boxed{3.3m}$$

Statics

Force \downarrow cross product \leftarrow radial distance to reference point or rotation point

$$\text{Torque, } \uparrow = F \times r$$
$$\boxed{\uparrow = Fr \sin \theta}$$

Translational equilibrium

$$\sum F = 0$$

Rotational equilibrium

$$\sum \uparrow = 0$$

$$\uparrow_c = \uparrow_{cc}$$

clockwise counter-clockwise

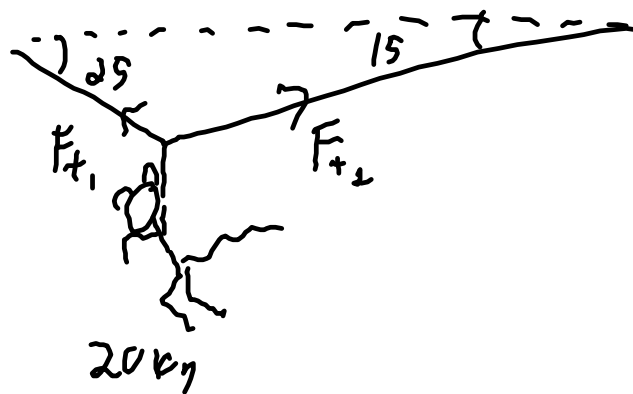
Statics

$$\sum F = 0 \quad \sum \uparrow = 0$$

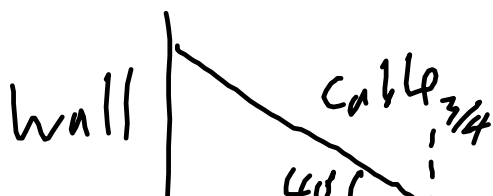
$$\sum F = 0 \quad \sum \tau = 0$$

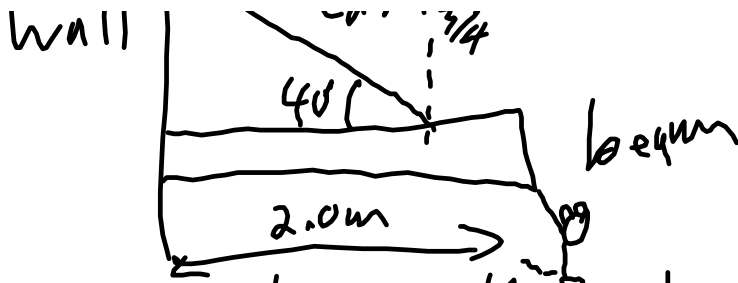
Sample questions

1, a) 20.0 kg monkey is hanging from a vine what is the tension on each side of the vine if

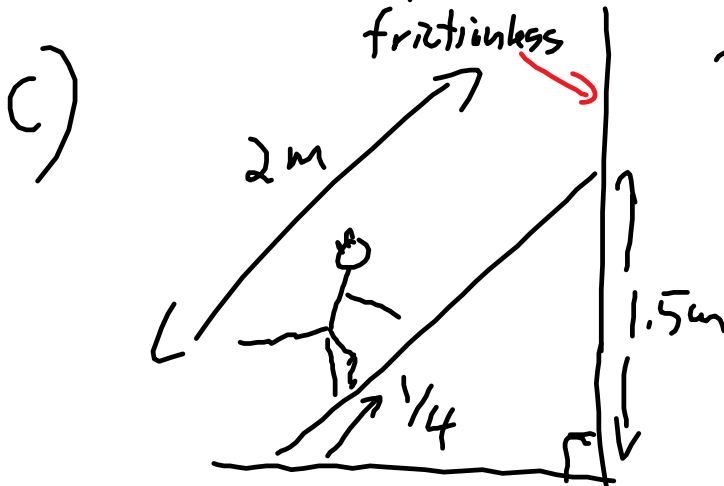


b) A 50 kg beam is 20 m long and has a cable supporting it $\frac{3}{4}$ of way that makes a 40.0 degree angle.



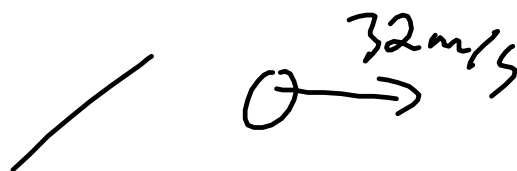


- what is the tension in the cable?
- If the monkey hangs from the end, what is the tension? and force on the wall?



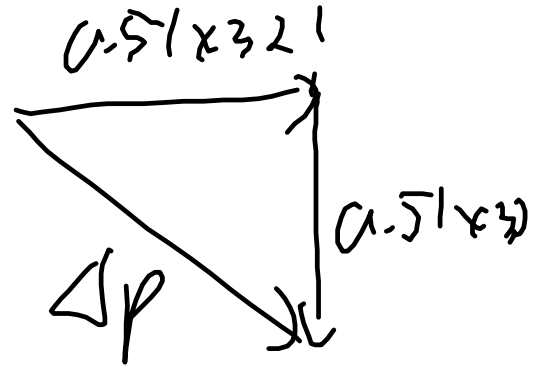
The 20kg monkey climbs a 5kg ladder resting on a frictionless wall.

What is the frictional force of the ground on the ladder when it is 1/4 of the way up?



$$\int 32 \text{ m/s} \\ 0.51 \text{ kg}$$

$$\Delta p = P_f - P_i$$



Q7

$$W = \Delta E_{K1} + \Delta E_{K2}$$

$$W = \frac{1}{2} 0.4 (1.2)^2 + \frac{1}{2} 0.8 (0.6)^2$$

$$P_1 \sin 28^\circ = P_2 \sin 11^\circ$$

$$\frac{GMh}{r} = \frac{1}{2} mv^2 \quad v \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}}$$

$$\frac{V_1}{V_2} = \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{r}}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2r}}} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$V_1 : V_2$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} : \frac{1}{\sqrt{2r}}$$

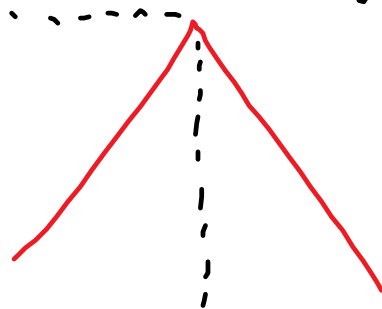
$$\cancel{\frac{1}{\sqrt{r}}} : \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cancel{\frac{1}{\sqrt{r}}}$$

$$1 : \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$1 : \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

Q10 Area = $\frac{1}{2} \text{ base} \times \text{height}$

$$= \frac{1}{2} 0.25 (10\text{N}) = \underline{1\text{N}}$$



$$\tau = F_{\perp} r \sin \theta$$

P171

Q47

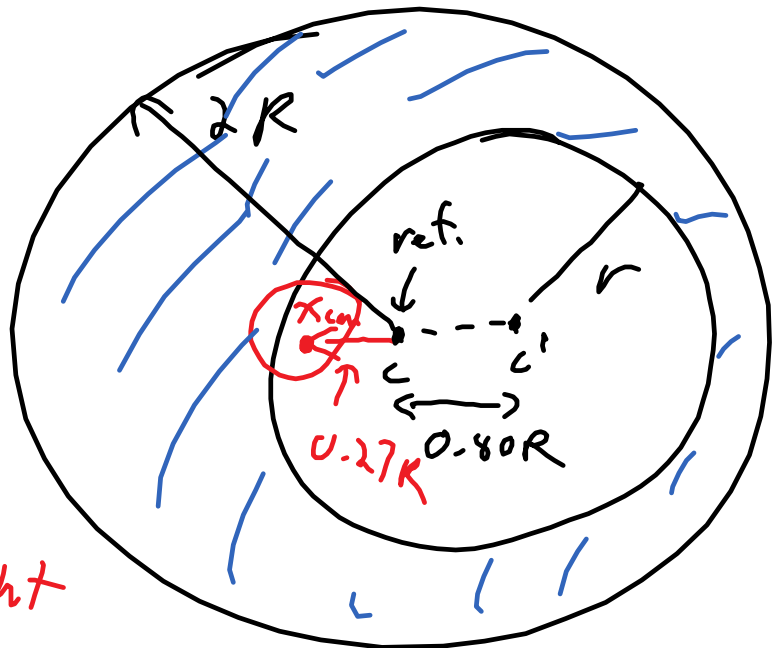
$$\rho = \frac{M}{V}$$

$$M = \rho V$$

$$M = (\rho h \pi r^2) A$$

density height

$$M \propto r^2$$



$$m_1 x_1 + m_2 x_2 = (m_1 + m_2) x_{cm}$$

$$A(2R)^2(0) \ominus A(R)^2(0.80R) = (A(2R)^2 \oplus A(R)^2) x_{cm}$$

removed $x_{cm} \rightarrow$

$$-0.8R = (4-1) x_{cm}$$

$$x_{cm} = \frac{-0.8}{3} R = \boxed{-0.267R}$$

Q45 $V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$ A

$M = \rho V = \rho \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$

ρ density

$$m_1 x_1 + m_2 x_2 + m_3 x_3 = (m_1 + m_2 + m_3) x_{cm}$$

$$A r_0^3 \cdot 0 + A (2r_0)^3 (3r_0) + A (3r_0)^3 (8r_0) =$$

$$A (r_0^3 + (2r_0)^3 + (3r_0)^3) x_{cm}$$

Statics

Torque $T = F \times r$

$T = Fr \sin \theta$

translational equilibrium

$$\sum F = 0$$

rotational equilibrium

$$\sum \tau = 0 \quad \tau_c = \tau_{cc}$$

Statics

$$\sum F = 0 \quad \sum \tau = 0$$